McHenry School District #15



ELA
Year-At-A-Glance Guide
6TH Grade

On October 15th, 2015, McHenry Elementary School District 15 convened a group of teachers and administrators for the purpose of creating a document that would serve as a curricular and instructional resource for middle school teachers in the area of English Language Arts. A more specific intention of the document was to provide the necessary framework for MESD #15 to begin the creation of a more unified, cohesive and consistent progression of instruction in the area of English Language Arts. Furthermore, an additional point of the document was to serve as a location where teachers could synthesize the various materials, strategies, and resources available to them.

The following teachers comprised the group that completed the "Year-At-A-Glance" document that follows:

<u>6th Grade:</u>
Christine Conklin
Jaclyn Covarrubias
Sharon Hein
Linda Hiatt
Maryann Keblusek
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<u>7th Grade:</u>
Jeana Behrendt
Cathy Mutter
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Tammy Schnurr
Joanne Tankiewicz
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8th Grade:
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Marisa Ruscitti
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Kris Stanek
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A major effort of the above listed educators was the identification of Priority Standards for ELA in all areas of literacy (Reading Literature, Reading Informational, Speaking and Listening, Writing and Language). The purpose of this effort was to strategically narrow the scope of our instruction, align our areas of instructional emphasis, and identify the most essential learning objectives for our students that would, ultimately, establish a more unified and consistent focus for teaching and learning in the subject area of English Language Arts. This "Year-At-A-Glance Guide" is a result of the group's diligent work. Included in it are:

- 1. The entirety of each grade level's (6-8) New Illinois Learning Standards for English Language Arts.
- 2. Standards highlighted in green that the group identified as "Priority Standards." These highlighted standards are viewed as standards that met the criteria of "Leverage," "Rigor," "Endurance" and are viewed as essential for teachers to emphasize and students to master.
- 3. Instructional vocabulary, derived directly from the standards that teachers should incorporate in their instruction throughout the year.
- 4. Big Ideas prevalent in each grade (to be worked on during the 15-16 school year)
- 5. Resource Bank (to be worked on during the 15-16 school year)

District 15 views this Year-At-A-Glance Guide as an ever-evolving and ever-improving document that teachers can and should refer to as an instructional and curricular resource. District 15 also views it as an integral initial step in our continual quest to improve and refine our English Language Arts curriculum.

Reading – Standards for Literature (RL)		
	Key Ideas and Details:	
RL6.1	Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	
RL.6.2	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.	
RL.6.3	Describe how a particular story's or drama's plot unfolds in a series of episodes as well as how the characters respond or change as the plot moves toward a resolution.	
Craft and Structure:		
RL.6.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone	
RL.6.5	Analyze how a particular sentence, chapter, scene, or stanza fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the theme, setting, or plot.	
RL.6.6	Explain how an author develops the point of view of the narrator or speaker in a text.	
	Integration:	
RL.6.7	Compare and contrast the experience of reading a story, drama, or poem to listening to or viewing an audio, video, or live version of the text, including contrasting what they "see" and "hear" when reading the text to what they perceive when they listen or watch.	
RL.6.9	Compare and contrast texts in different forms or genres (e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories) in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics.	
Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity:		
RL.6.10	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 6-8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	

Reading Standards for Informational Text (RI)	
Key Ideas and Details:	
RI.6.1	Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
RI.6.2	Determine a central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.
RI.6.3	Analyze in detail how a key individual, event, or idea is introduced, illustrated, and elaborated in a text (e.g., through examples or anecdotes).
	Craft and Structure:
RI.6.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings.
RI.6.5	Analyze how a particular sentence, paragraph, chapter, or section fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the ideas.
RI.6.6	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and explain how it is conveyed in the text.
	Integration:
RI.6.7	Integrate information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words to develop a coherent understanding of a topic or issue.
RI.6.8	Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not.
RI.6.9	Compare and contrast one author's presentation of events with that of another (e.g., a memoir written by and a biography on the same person).
Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity:	
RI.6.10	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 6-8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.

Speaking and Listening Standards (SL)	
Comprehension and Collaboration:	
SL.6.1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners <i>on grade 6 topics, texts</i> , and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.
a	Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.
b	Follow rules for collegial discussions, set specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.
c	Pose and respond to specific questions with elaboration and detail by making comments that contribute to the topic, text, or issue under discussion.
d	Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing.
SL.6.2	Interpret information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how it contributes to a topic, text, or issue under study.
SL.6.3	Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not.
	Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas:
SL.6.4	Present claims and findings, sequencing ideas logically and using pertinent descriptions, facts, and details to accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.
SL.6.5	Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, images, music, sound) and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.
SL.6.6	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when

indicated or appropriate. (See grade 6 Language standards 1 and 3 for specific expectations.)

Writing Standards (W)	
Text Types and Purposes:	
W.6.1	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.
a	Introduce claim(s) and organize the reasons and evidence clearly.
b	Support claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence, using credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.
c	Use words, phrases, and clauses to clarify the relationships among claim(s) and reasons.
d	Establish and maintain a formal style
e	Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the argument presented.
W.6.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.
a	Introduce a topic; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
b	Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
С	Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
d	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
e	Establish and maintain a formal style.
f	Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or explanation presented.
W.6.3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.
a	Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and introducing a narrator and/or

	characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.
b	Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
С	Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.
d	Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to convey experiences and events.
е	Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.

Production and Distribution of Writing:	
W.6.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are
	appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are
	defined in standards 1-3 above.)
	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed
W.6.5	by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should
	demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 6 here.)
	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and
W.6.6	collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum
	of three pages in a single sitting.
Research to Build and Present Knowledge:	
W.6.7	Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and refocusing
W.O./	the inquiry when appropriate.
	Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources; assess the credibility of each
W.6.8	source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and
	providing basic bibliographic information for sources.

W.6.9	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
a	Apply grade 6 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast texts in different forms or genres [e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories] in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics").
b	Apply grade 6 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not").
Range of Writing:	
	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and
W.6.10	revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Language Standards (L)	
Conventions of Standard English:	
L.6.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
a	
b	Use intensive pronouns (e.g., myself, ourselves).
С	Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in pronoun number and person.*
d	Recognize and correct vague pronouns (i.e., ones with unclear or ambiguous antecedents).*
0	Recognize variations from standard English in their own and others' writing and speaking, and identify and use strategies to improve expression in conventional language.*
е	identify and use strategies to improve expression in conventional language.*

L.6.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
a	Use punctuation (commas, parentheses, dashes) to set off nonrestrictive/parenthetical elements.*
b	Spell correctly.
Knowledge of Language:	
L.6.3	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
a	Vary sentence patterns for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.*
b	Maintain consistency in style and tone.*
Vocabulary Acquisition and Use:	
L.6.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on
	grade 6 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
a	Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a

	sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
b	Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word
	(e.g., audience, auditory, audible).
c	Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.
	find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.
d	Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).
	inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).
L.6.5	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word
	meanings.
a	Interpret figures of speech (e.g., personification) in context.
b	Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., cause/effect, part/whole, item/category) to
	better understand each of the words.
c	Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., stingy, scrimping, economical, unwasteful, thrifty).
	(e.g., stingy, scrimping, economical, unwasteful, thrifty).
L.6.6	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific
	words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase
	important to comprehension or expression.

Essential Learning / Big Ideas:

Overarching Standards:

- **RL6.1/RI6.1** Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
- **RL.6.10** By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 6-8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.
- **RI.6.10** By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 6-8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.
- **W.6.10** Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
- **L.6.6** Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

Reading

Priority Standards

- **RL.6.3** Describe how a particular story's or drama's plot unfolds in a series of episodes as well as how the characters respond or change as the plot moves toward a resolution.
- **RL.6.5** Analyze how a particular sentence, chapter, scene, or stanza fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the theme, setting, or plot.
- **RL.6.9** Compare and contrast texts in different forms or genres (e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories) in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics.
- **RI.6.2** Determine a central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.
- **RI.6.4** Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings.
- **RI.6.8** Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not.

- W.6.1 Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.
- **W.6.1a** Introduce claim(s) and organize the reasons and evidence clearly.
- **W.6.1b** Support claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence, using credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.
- **W.6.2** Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.
- **W.6.2a** Introduce a topic; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
- **W.6.2b** Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
- **W.6.2f** Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or explanation presented.
- **W.6.3** Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.
- **W.6.3a** Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.
- **W.6.3b** Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
- **W.6.3e** Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.
- **W.6.8** Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources; assess the credibility of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and providing basic bibliographic information for sources.

• **SL.6.1** Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 6 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and Speaking and expressing their own clearly. **SL.6.1d** Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing. SL.6.3 Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not. • **SL.6.4** Present claims and findings, sequencing ideas logically and using pertinent descriptions, facts, and details to accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation. • **L.6.1** Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. Language • L.6.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. • **L.6.3a** Vary sentence patterns for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.* • L.6.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

Instructional Vocabulary

aid, accentuate, adequate, analysis, argument, audience, bibliographic, cause/effect, central idea, chapter, claim, classification, compare/contrast, concrete, connotative, context, complexity, comprehend, credible, conclude, content, convey, data, delineate, demonstrate, detail, determine, develop, discipline, distinct, distinguish, drama, effective, engage, episode, establish, evaluate, evidence, examine, explanatory, explicit, figurative language, form, format, genre, graphic, inference, informative, judgement, key idea, literary, literature, logically, multi-media, narrative, nonfiction, nuance, opinion, orient, paragraph, paraphrase, perspective, pertinent, plagiarism, plot, poems, present, proficiently, pronunciation, purpose, quotation, reflection, relationship, relevant, resolution, respond, revise, routinely, scaffold, scene, sentence pattern, series, setting, sequence, source, stanza, statement, structure, summary, technical, technique, textual evidence, theme, time frame, trace, unfolds

Resource Bank